國立清華大學命題紙

八十四學年度<u>化學工程研究</u>所<u>乙</u>組碩士班研究生入學考試 科目 無機及分析化學 科號 1704 共 5 賈第 1 賈 *額在試卷【答案卷】內作答

1. Write the detailed reaction mechanism of the following catalytic reactions (4% each; total 8%)

(a)
$$CH_3OH + CO \xrightarrow{Rh(CO_2)I_2^-} CH_3COOH$$

(b)
$$CH_2=CH_2+O_2 \xrightarrow{PdCl_2/Cu_2Cl_2} CH_3CHO$$

- 2. Explain the term n-type and p-type semiconductor. Give one example for each case. (6%)
- 3. If the following complexes meet 18-electron rule. Find the values of n or z (6%)

(b)

(a) [(Co(CO)₅ (NO)]^z

Co-N-O is linear

z: is the charge of the complex

n: the metal metal bond order

國立清華大學命題紙

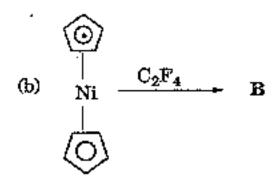
八十四學年度<u>化學工程研究</u>新<u>乙</u>組碩士班研究生入學考試 科自 無機及分析化學 科號 1704 共 5 頁第 2 頁 *議在試卷【答案卷】內作答

- If HRu(PPh₃)₃⁺ is a 18-electron complex, suggest a reasonable structure. (4%)
- 5. Spinels have the AB 2O4 formula. MgAl₂O₄ has a normal spinel structure in which Mg²⁺ occupies $\frac{1}{8}$ portion of the tetrahedral holes and Al³⁺ occupies $\frac{1}{2}$ portion of the octahedral holes. But the structure will be different for NiFe₂O₄. Give the detailed explanation on the fact that MgAl₂O₄ prefers a normal spinel structure but NiFe₂O₄ have an inverse spinel structure. (8%)
- 6. In the following electron-transfer reaction, what is the mechanism? inner sphere or outersphere?

 $[Fe(H_2O)_6]^{3+} + [Fe*(H_2O)_6]^{2+} \longrightarrow [Fe(H_2O)_6]^{2+} + [Fe*(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ Fe*: an isotopic element of ironShall the ΔG^{\neq} value be or close to zero? Give your reason. (8%)

- Predict the number of unpaired electrons of the following complexes.
 You shall give the answer together with the energy diagram. (6%)
 - (a) C_2 (b) $NiCl_4^{2-}$ (c) Cp_2V
- 8. Complete the product structures of the following two reaction. (4%)
 - (a) $B_3N_3H_6 + 3HC1 \longrightarrow A$

八十四學年度 化學工程研究 所 ² 組碩士班研究生入學考試 科目 無機及分析化學 科號 1704 共 5 頁第 3 頁 *請在試卷 [答案卷] 內作答



- 9. What is a concentration of 1 ppm by volume of sulfur dioxide expressed in μgm⁻³ at 25°C and 750 mm Hg? And what is the concentration of 50.0 μgm⁻³ of ozone measured at 20°C and 765 mmHg expressed in ppm by volume? (5%)
- 10. A coastal marine sediment was analyzed for its iron content. Sevent replicate measurements were made on a random sample of the marine sediment. The result were: 3.36, 3.20, 3.15, 3.12, 3.10, 3.09 and 3.06% of iron (wt/wt). (5%)
 - (a) Calculate the sample mean and the sample standard deviation.
 - (b) Calculate the 90% confidence interval for the iron content of the marine sediment. (Student t values = 2.015, 1.943 and 1.895 for degree of freedom 5, 6 and 7 respectively)
 - (c) Use Q-test to point out the outlying value. (the rejection quotient, $Q_{90} = 0.51$ for sevent measurements)
 - (d) Calculate the 90% confidence interval after Q-test.
- 11. Describe the basic principle of the two electrochemical methods; polarography and anodic stripping voltammetry. What are the advantages of anodic stripping voltammetry over polarography in terms of sensitivity and detection limit? (5%)
- Describe the four major parts of the spectrophotometer for a single beam and a double beam design.

國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

八十四學年度<u>化學工程研究</u>新<u>乙</u>組碩士班研究生入學考試 科自 無機及分析化學 科號 1704 共 5 頁第 4 頁 *讀在試卷【答案卷】內作答

What are the basic principles or laws used in the spectrophotometry for qualitative and quantitative analysis. (5%)

- 13. Describe the following instrumentation for the metallic element analysis. (5%)
 - (a) X-ray fluorescence (XRF)
 - (b) Graphite atomizer-Atomic Absorption
 - (c) ICP-Atomic Emission Spectroscopy
 - (d) ICP-Mass Spectrometry
 - (e) Cold Vapor-Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy
- 14. What are the most common stationary phases and detectors in HPLC and ion chromatography?
 What is the reverse phase HPLC? (5%)
- 15. Calculate (5%)
 - (a) the absorptivity if a sample in a 1 cm path cell with concentration of 0.5×10^{-3} M shows an absorbance of 0.265 absorbance units at 595 nm (λ_{max}).
 - (b) the partition coefficient after passing 100 ml of 0.005 M Cs⁺ solution through an ion-exchange resin (in its H⁺ form of 2 meq g⁻¹ capacity) the concentration of Cs⁺ in solution was found to be 5 ppm.
- 16. Define and elaborate on the following terms: (5%)
 - (a) accuracy and precision
 - (b) figures of merit
 - (c) internal standard
 - (d) S/N ratio
 - (e) Standard addition