

八十四學年度 歷史 所 甲 組碩士班研究生入學考試
科目 西洋通史 科號 3503 共 3 頁第 1 頁 *請在試卷【答案卷】內作答

西洋通史甲組試題

- 一、希臘歷史家 Polybius 曾誇讚羅馬擁有最完美的政治制度，因而使羅馬能夠成為地中海的主人。他為何這樣說？他的理由是什麼？請簡述之。 (25%)

- 二、歐洲中古盛期 (The High Middle Ages) 在政治組織、法律與司法，以及城市的演進等方面有顯著的成就，試述這些方面的主要發展，兼論其對近代歐洲民主政治的影響。 (25%)

- 三、著名的中古史家 Henri Pirenne 說：「沒有穆罕默德，就沒有查理曼。」伊斯蘭的興起引發歐洲歷史的劇變，試申論之。 (25%)

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四、“history of ideas”和“new Economic History”不僅涉及歷史的研究領域，而且是研究取向的指稱。試舉例說明。
(25%)

五、閱讀本段英文資料，而後回答問題： (20%)

LET us begin with the Industrial Revolution, that is to say with Britain. This is at first sight a capricious starting-point, for the repercussions of this revolution did not make themselves felt in an obvious and unmistakable way—at any rate outside England,—until quite late in our period; certainly not before 1830, probably not before 1840 or thereabouts. It is only in the 1830s that literature and the arts began to be overtly haunted by that rise of the capitalist society, that world in which all social bonds crumbled except the implacable gold and paper ones of the cash nexus (the

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phrase comes from Carlyle). Balzac's *Comédie Humaine*, the most extraordinary literary monument of its rise, belongs to that decade. It is not until about 1840 that the great stream of official and unofficial literature on the social effects of the Industrial Revolution begins to flow; the major Bluebooks and statistical enquiries in England, Villermé's *Tableau de l'état physique et moral des ouvriers*, Engels's *Condition of the Working Class In England*, Ducpetiaux's work in Belgium, and scores of troubled or appalled observers from Germany to Spain and the USA. It was not until the 1840s that the proletariat, that child of the Industrial Revolution, and Communism, which was now attached to its social movements—the spectre of the Communist Manifesto—walked across the Continent. The very name of the Industrial Revolution reflects its relatively tardy impact on Europe. The thing existed in Britain before the word. Not until the 1820s did English and French socialists—themselves an unprecedented group—invent it, probably by analogy with the political revolution of France.³

1. 本文說 "the proletariat" 是 "child of the Industrial Revolution" 是指何義？請依本文的論述，及你個人的判斷，說明本文作者的社會思想比較偏向 capitalism 或 socialism？
2. 說明 Balzac 及 Engels 對現實社會的看法。（本題答案不以本段英文資料為限）。