

國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

97 學年度 外國語文學 系(所) 外語教學 組碩士班入學考試

科目 英語語言學概論 科目代碼 410 | 共 2 頁第 1 頁 *請在【答案卷卡】內作答

Answer ALL of the following questions as completely as possible.

1. Briefly explain each of the following terms, using examples where appropriate. (12 points)
 - a. subcategorization
 - b. inflectional morphology
 - c. prescriptive grammar
 - d. entailment
 - e. pragmatics
 - f. neurolinguistics
2. For each of the following, write one example. (8 points)
 - a. a structurally ambiguous phrase (Also explain the ambiguity.)
 - b. a sentence that is grammatical but anomalous
 - c. a tag question
 - d. a sentence that is ungrammatical because it contains an anaphor that is not c-commanded by its antecedent
3. What is recursion? Why is it important? (5 points)
4. Evaluate this statement: "A noun is a word that refers to a person, place, or thing." (6 points)
5. In the following sentence,
George used to live in a *white house* but now he lives in the *White House*.
what reasons are there to think that *white house* is two words but *White House* is a single word? (5 points)
6. Here is some information about the La-Noitcif language, spoken in northern Erehwon.

<i>flunch</i> means "man"	<i>flark</i> means "house"
<i>flab</i> means "lead"	<i>flop</i> means "shoot"
<i>ik</i> : agentive case suffix	<i>ok</i> : locative case suffix
<i>uk</i> : case suffix indicating goal	<i>ak</i> : case suffix indicating source
<i>la</i> : infix marking past tense	<i>le</i> : infix marking iterative
<i>lu</i> : suffix marking progressive	<i>oof</i> : 3 rd person object agreement marker
<i>flurb</i> : free reflexive pronoun	<i>oop</i> : nominal suffix indicating plural
<i>fee</i> : nominal definiteness prefix	<i>bab</i> : 1 st person singular proclitic pronoun

All the above affixes are obligatory.
La-Noitcif is an SOV language.

Using this information, translate the following sentences into La-Noitcif. (There may be more than one acceptable answer. Just give one for each sentence.) (14 points)

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7. Give a brief definition and an example of each of the following terms. (16 points)

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a. palatalization | b. aspiration |
| c. assimilation | d. allophone |
| e. jargon | f. slang |
| g. pidgin | h. lingua franca |

8. Name the three main categories of taboo words in English, then give an example from each category and a euphemism used for each example. (7 points)

9. Describe the following in terms of voicing, point of articulation, and manner of articulation. (15 points)

Example: [h] is a voiceless glottal fricative.

- a. [g] b. [tʃ] c. [ʒ] d. [m] e. [ə]

10. Explain the sources of the following pairs of words, which have essentially the same meaning, and then explain why the first consonant in each pair is different. (4 points)

tooth/dental father/paternal hundred/century

11. What is an isogloss? Give an example of a phonetic isogloss and a lexical isogloss in English. (3 points)

12. Explain the Great Vowel Shift and give at least one example of a contrast in Modern English that can be attributed to the Great Vowel Shift. (5 points)