

科目：工程數學 A(5002)

參考用

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清大電機工程學系甲組、光電工程研究所

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1. Consider the ODE  $(3y^2 + x + 1)dx + 2y(x + 1)dy = 0$ .

- (1) (4%) Find an integrating factor for the ODE.  
 (2) (4%) Given  $y(0) = 1$ , solve the initial value problem.

2. Consider a mass-spring system governed by the ODE  $y'' + 6y' + 18y = -90\sin(6t)$ .

- (1) (3%) How would you describe this system (choose one below)?  
 (A) Undamped; (B) Underdamped; (C) Critical damped; (D) Overdamped.  
 (2) (5%) Find the steady-state solution.

3. Consider the ODE  $x^3y''' + 8x^2y'' + 9xy' - 9y = 0$  for  $x > 0$ .

- (1) (5%) Find a basis of solutions  $\{y_1(x), y_2(x), y_3(x)\}$  for the ODE.  
 (2) (4%) Given initial conditions  $y(1) = 0$ ,  $y'(1) = -2$ , and  $y''(1) = 2$ , solve the initial value problem.

4. (5%) Bessel function of the first kind of order  $\nu$ ,  $J_\nu(x)$ , is one solution of the Bessel equation,

$x^2y'' + xy' + (x^2 - \nu^2)y = 0$ . The general solution of the ODE,  $x^2y'' + xy' + (4x^4 - \frac{1}{9})y = 0$ , can be expressed as

$y(x) = C_1J_\nu(ax^2) + C_2J_{-\nu}(ax^2)$ . Determine the values of  $a$  and  $\nu$ .

5. (10 %) Use Laplace transform to solve  $xy'' + (1-x)y' + ky = 0$ .

(A)  $y = \frac{e^t}{k!} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^k e^{-t}]$  (B)  $y = \frac{e^t}{k} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^k e^t]$  (C)  $y = \frac{e^t}{k} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^k e^{-t}]$  (D)  $y = \frac{e^t}{k!} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^{-k} e^{-t}]$  (E)  $y = \frac{e^{-t}}{k!} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^k e^{-t}]$

(F)  $y = \frac{e^{-t}}{k} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^k e^{-t}]$  (G)  $y = \frac{e^k}{t!} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} [t^k e^{-t}]$  (H) none of the above

6. (10 %) Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$  if  $|x| < 2$  and  $f(x) = 0$  otherwise.

(A)  $f(w) = \frac{\sin w}{w}$  (B)  $f(w) = \frac{\sin w}{2w}$  (C)  $f(w) = \frac{\cos w}{w}$  (D)  $f(w) = \frac{\cos w}{2w}$

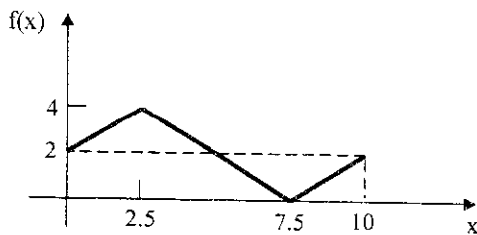
(E)  $f(w) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin w}{w}$  (F)  $f(w) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\sin w}{w}$  (G)  $f(w) = \frac{\cos 2w}{w}$  (H) none of the above

注意：背面有試題

7. Consider the problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - 4u_{xx} &= 0 & 0 < x < 10 \\ u(0,t) = u(10,t) &= 2 & 0 < t \\ u(x,0) &= f(x) & 0 < x < 10 \\ u_t(x,t=0) &= 0 & 0 < x < 10 \end{aligned}$$

$f(x)$  is shown in the following figure.



- (1) (7%) What is  $u(2,1)$  (the value of  $u$  at position  $x = 2$  when  $t = 1$ )?  
 (A) 0.8 (B) 1.2 (C) 1.6 (D) 2 (E) 2.4 (F) 2.8 (G) 3.2  
 (H) none of the above.
- (2) (6%) What is the lowest frequency (cycles per time) of the motion of  $u$ ?  
 (A) 0.05 (B) 0.1 (C) 0.2 (D) 0.4 (E) 0.8 (F) 1.6 (G) 3.2  
 (H) none of the above.

8. (7%) The temperature distribution of a thin bar is described by a 1-D heat equation

$$u_t - 4u_{xx} = 0 \quad 0 < x < 10$$

The boundary and initial conditions are given as follows:

$$u(0,t) = u(10,t) = 0 \quad 0 < t$$

$$u(x,0) = \sin \frac{\pi x}{10} \quad 0 < x < 10$$

The peak temperature is located at the position  $x = 5$  at all time. At what time will the peak temperature reduce to  $1/e$  of its initial value?

- (A)  $\pi/10$  (B)  $\pi^2/100$  (C)  $10/\pi$  (D)  $100/\pi^2$  (E)  $\pi/5$   
 (F)  $\pi^2/25$  (G)  $5/\pi$  (H) none of the above.

9. (20%) Evaluate the principal value of the integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 3x}{x^3 + x^2 + 3x - 5} dx$ .

10. (10%) Find the eigenvalues and corresponding normalized eigenvectors (norm equals to 1) for the

matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . What are those for the transpose matrix  $A^T$ ?